

Evaluation of the formal quality of data/service documentation

Report by Task 3.2: European NAPs data quality

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Action Requested

☐ To be revised by partners involved in the preparation of the document
\square For review/ approval by the Core Alignment Team
\square For approval by the NAPCORE Steering Committee

Abstract

This deliverable by NAPCORE subWG 3.2 introduces the first cross-domain quality (CDQ) assessment method from the basic framework for evaluating the CDQ of datasets and services published at National Access Points (NAPs). This method focuses on evaluating the quality of service/data documentation during the planning phase, based on metadata provided by the content provider to the NAP, including any additional materials such as documentation, samples, and schemas. The evaluation is performed manually before the actual data is retrieved and aims to assess the formal quality of the documentation. This document is complemented by an MS Excel template where the evaluation results are recorded and the overall quality score is calculated



Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning
CDQ	Cross-Domain Quality
EC	European Commission
InQMS	Integrated Quality Management System
NAP	National Access Point
NAPCORE	National Access Point Coordination Organisation for Europe
QF	Quality Framework
WG	Working Group
GUID	Globally Unique Identifier
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
GML	Geographical Markup Language

Definitions

Catalogue record

Data portal

Data set

Service

....



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A Methodology for assessing Cross-Domain Quality (CDQ) of NAP Data and Services



Záložka není definována.	
Figure 5: Specific evaluations sorted by data/service subscription phases (based on InQMS) Chyba	!
metadata tab)
Figure 3 Using the supporting data list in the evaluation form to correctly fill in the inspected	



1 Introduction

The purpose of this evaluation [web/manual/doc/formal] is to manually check how well the data is described (metadata). Better and more complete descriptions allow content providers to navigate the many datasets available on the NAP more easily and provide a basis for deciding if the data is useful to a content consumer, fits their expectations, and aids in the technical and organizational preparation of the subscription.

This is evaluation, assessing the <u>availability</u>, <u>completeness</u> and usability of the information that should be available at NAP (metadata) for the data/service under test, including:

- Identification and a brief description of the content (data/service)
- Identification of the content provider and owner
- Description of the main concepts, structure, and content
- Samples and validation schemas
- Technical and organizational details, licensing, and subscription description

During the assessment, all the above information is collected for use in further/subsequent evaluations of the data/service via the CDQ. The parameters assessed in this evaluation are derived from metadata defined by the Coordinated Metadata Catalogue [1], findings of the InQMS¹ project [2], the NAPCORE project [3], and quality recommendations by W3C and open data portals [6].

This evaluation mostly focuses on a parameter being present or not and in the expected format. However, there are cases where this is not enough. In such cases, based mainly on finding other that CMC, the evaluator directly assesses the degree of compliance of the parameter with the expected level of detail.

Topics from the mobilityDCAT-AP specification [4] and MQA methodology [5] are not considered, as we believe they are largely consistent. We plan to introduce an addition to this methodology covering these topics.

In the methodology, most parameters have predefined values (defined in [1]). Free text descriptions must be kept short, with longer and more complex descriptions linked to external files.





2 Methodology

The following table outlines the **formal quality evaluation** procedure

Table 1 Formal quality evaluation procedure

Item	Description	
Evaluation type, evidence	Manual. All evidence required for the test is manually collected by the	
collection	evaluator from the documentation supplied by the provider or retrieved via	
	NAP and filled into the prescribed template (form).	
Evaluation frequency	Once. At the beginning of the source evaluation (1x).	
Proposed storage	ALL collected evidence is stored along with the filled-in form.	
Evaluation method	Manual assessment of all parameters against the evaluation criteria, e.g.,	
	allowed/recommended values, set up in this document or the additional	
	documentation (Coordinated Metadata Catalogue [1], CMC).	
Presentation method	A report where for each item there is information about meeting the criterion,	
	not meeting it, or a warning about a possible error.	

2.1 Inputs

The inputs include all documents that the evaluator can retrieve about the dataset or service under test from the NAP. These inputs **should be** provided in a form compliant or interoperable with the CMC 2019 [1], either directly as part of easily identifiable metadata or indirectly as extrapolated information from the available documentation.

Example of input:

The evaluator is given a link to the data source at NAP (e.g.,

https://registr.dopravniinfo.cz/en/sources/cz-ndic_d2-fcd-v2/) and retrieves and stores every page and linked documents for manual inspection.

2.2 Outputs

The evaluation outputs include the filled-in form (Report) and collected documentation.

2.2.1 Report (Evaluation Form)

The evaluator fills in the "data and evaluation" sheet for the report (MS Excel).



FRM_web-mai	nual-doc-formal]						version 202406
	overall quality			В	samples, schemas and detailed documentation of format and protocol provid missing or had to be derived from textual descriptions.	led. Ho	vever many of the parameters required by CMC were either complet
Category	Parameter Name	ref.	obligatio-	evaluation	data provided or implied	impli ?	comment
	content provider contact			-	https://registr.dopravniinfo.cz/en/providers/cz-ndic/		
Evaluation	evaluated dataset url			-	https://registr.dopravniinfo.cz/en/sources/cz-ndic_d2-common/		evaluation done for research purposes not provided, download
metadata	evaluation date			-	01.12.2019		from www.registr.dopravniinfo.cz
	evaluator			-	Petr Bureš		
	Metadata date	2.2.1.1	mandatory	F	01.12.2019	yes	data formally not provided, not part of the metadata set. Date was derived from date accessed (web page)
Metadata information	Metadata language	2.2.1.2	mandatory	В	czejeng	yes	not part of the metadata set. Date was derived from context (we page)
	Contact point	2.2.1.3	partially*	В	name: Ctirad Weissmann title: Manager of traffic information distribution department phone: +420-596663578 email: ctirad.weissmann@rsd.cz		data derived from the web, provider information section, it is however unclear if this contact is also metadata provider (the person who out metadata together).
	Dataset identifier		recommende	A	x-source:cz-ndic d2-common		dataset uri
	Name of the dataset	2.2.2.1	mandatory	Α	DATEX II Situation Publication - Common		within a dataset specification [cze;eng]
	Description of dataset	2.2.2.2	mandatory	A	Common traffic information (accidents etc.), provided by NDIC for the whole Czechia, pushed on occurence, in a common traffic information profile of DATEX II format.		within a dataset specification [cze;eng]
	Resource type	2.2.2.3	mandatory	Α	Data set	yes	Directly in metadata as literals (listed in a table)
	Dataset type category	2.2.2.4	mandatory	Α	Static road network data, Static traffic signs and regulations , Toll information	yes	Directly in metadata as literals (listed in a table)
	Dataset detailed type	2.2.2.5	optional	Α	Geometry , Road width, Number of lanes, Traffic circulation plans, Identification of tolled roads	yes	Directly in metadata as literals (listed in a table)
Content information	Service type category	2.2.2.6	conditionally	-			not aplicable for dataset only services. The value is however n part of the metadata since services are not described within metadata repository.

Figure 1 Screenshot of the evaluation sheet of the report

The data and evaluation sheet contains:

- Overall grade and comment
- Information about the evaluation itself (category: evaluation metadata)
- A section for each evaluated metadata category, with individual evaluated parameters:
 - o Parameter name: Contains individual parameters to be evaluated
 - o Reference: A reference to the section of the CMC 2019 [1]
 - Obligation: Information on whether the parameter is obligatory or not
 - Evaluation: A, B, C, F, and grading (F = fail, = not relevant)
 - Data provided or implied: Data from the supplied documentation to support the evaluation
 - Implied?: Indicates whether the parameter value is explicitly stated in the collected evidence or derived/extrapolated from the evidence
 - Comment: Evaluator's comment (on which the grade is based)

2.2.2 Collected Evidence

The collected evidence includes:

- Textual (Word, PDF) materials describing the data/service, its format, and its protocol
- Textual (Word, PDF) materials describing how to obtain the data, including licensing terms if needed
- Technical materials in the form of samples, schemas, and descriptions of WSDL services
- Other relevant materials

2.3 Filling in Individual Parameters

The evaluator fills in information from the provided documentation parameters into the data and evaluation sheet of the evaluation form [01 FRM_web-manual-doc-form.xls], either

- Directly or
- Indirectly (by extrapolation from implied information)





2.3.1 Directly stated metadata

If the information is:

- explicitly stated in the collected evidence (see Figure 2) AND
- in the expected format,

the evaluator directly fills in the parameter (into the "data" column).

Example: The expected parameter "category" with predefined values (Road work; Unexpected road events and conditions; Real-time traffic data) is found in the metadata on the NAP.

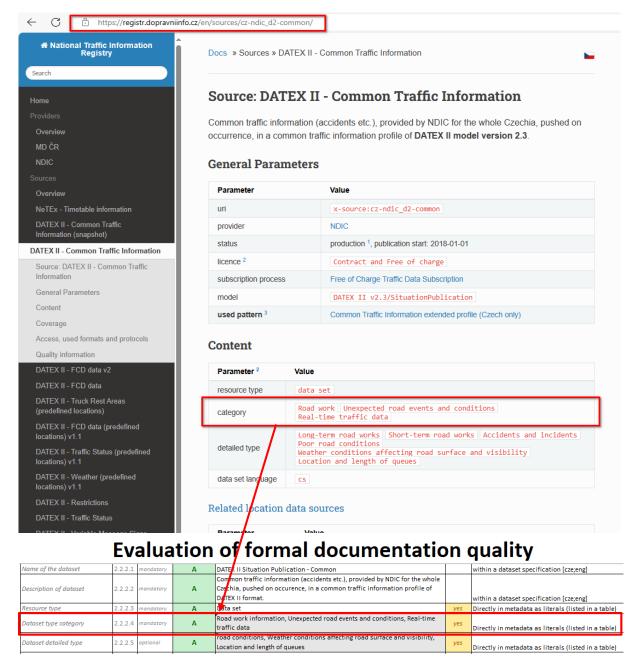


Figure 2 Fill in the parameter "category" explicitly stated in the collected evidence in the evaluation form.

2.3.2 Indirectly stated metadata

If the information is:

• NOT explicitly stated in the collected evidence AND/OR





- NOT <u>having expected values</u> of the parameter according to expectation (expected values are stated in the list supporting data (see Figure 3)) BUT
- **COULD** be extracted from, e.g., a textual description of the dataset, provided documentation of the dataset, sample, etc.,

the evaluator fills in the expected value of the parameter (into the "data" column), checks the column implied with "yes" and fills in the note any additional information.

The grade is based on the ease of the extrapolation of the parameter, see the next chapter.

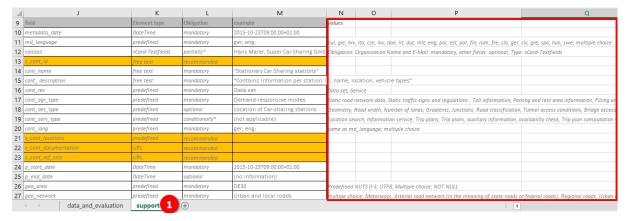


Figure 3 Using the supporting data list in the evaluation form to correctly fill in the inspected metadata tab

2.4 Evaluation of Individual Parameters

After filling in the parameter value, the evaluator manually assesses the ease of finding the parameter by

- Providing a mandatory evaluation (A, B, C, F, or not relevant (-)) AND
- Providing a **mandatory comment** describing how and where the parameter was found, and any other useful information in the comment column in the evaluation list.

Comments next to each evaluated parameter generally describe how the parameter was found in the collected evidence or highlight important findings regarding the **incompleteness or non-relevance of the parameter**.

The evaluation grade focuses on the correctness of the metadata completion. It validates whether the parameter is present and if its value is from the expected set of possible values. The set of values in certain cases refer to quality of how the parameter is provided, especially because simple YES or NO does not describe the evaluator's objective experience. The "expected set of values" is then described more broadly, allowing the evaluator to reach the evaluation result in a consistent manner. The expected values and formats for each parameter are specified either in this document or in the Coordinated Metadata Catalogue [1]. Each parameter is assessed separately, with the resulting mark provided in Table 2.

Table 2 Parameter evaluation methodology (more detail provided in each parameter)

grade	Value	Description
Α	1	Metadata is provided in the expected format with prescribed values as defined by the
		relevant standard (i.e., CMC).
		= Parameter value(s) in the metadata exactly as expected.
В	2	Metadata is provided as part of easily identifiable substructures. It does not have to be
		directly in the expected format (e.g., contact data in different forms, different wordings
		of the keywords), but it is semantically compatible.





Table 2 Parameter evaluation methodology (more detail provided in each parameter)

grade	Value	Description
		= Parameter value(s) in the metadata, in a different form than expected but
		semantically compatible.
С	3	Metadata is not provided directly but is inferable from the collected evidence. It does
		not "fit" in terms of format and structure.
		= Parameter value(s) are not in the metadata, but findable elsewhere and semantically
		compatible.
F	4	Metadata is not provided and cannot be "easily" derived from the collected evidence
		(including samples and schemas provided).
		= Parameter value(s) are not found/filled in. Assumptions and guessing are needed to
		fill in the item, and correctness is not assured.
-	0	(Not relevant) The item is not evaluated because it makes no sense in the context.

Only a few parameters can be graded as "not relevant." This is because the metadata provider does not know the parameter, it is outside their area of responsibility, or it does not make sense, as it contradicts other parameters. Such parameters are not scored.

Individual parameters that could be set as not evaluated since conditional:

- Dataset type category
- Dataset detailed type
- Service type category
- Conditions for use
- Communication method
- National body assessment status
- Related linked data sources



3 Evaluated Parameters

The tables in the subchapters below outline the individual parameters to be evaluated, along with their expected sample values and brief definitions, as referenced in CMC 2019 [1]. Most of these parameters and their values are derived from the Coordinated Metadata Catalogue (including Appendix 1 and Appendix 2).

All possible values for each parameter are listed in the respective parameter row on the evaluation form's "support" sheet (see Figure 3), without further explanation. Parameters highlighted in orange are not derived from CMC 2019 [1] but are based on other inputs to the methodology, including the InQMS project [4].

For clarity, if the parameters' textual content is available in multiple languages, provide it in English here. If English is not one of the options, translate the content to English and note in the comments that the parameter was not originally available in English.

Parameters are grouped into categories, presented below in individual subchapters.

3.1 Evaluation metadata

Information about the evaluation itself. This part is not evaluated.

Table 3 Evaluation metadata

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
evaluated	https://data.gov.eu/dataset1	Link to the catalogue record of the data under the test, it
catalogue record		is link to metadata at the NAP, (not data access URL).
URL		
	18.5.2024	Date when the evaluation was completed. (ideally in
evaluation date		standardised format)
evaluator	Jan Novak, jan@novak.cz	Name, surname, and email contact to the evaluator.
	This is a test	Any information about the evaluation (not about its result)
		that the evaluator wants to share with the content
comment		provider.

3.2 Metadata information

Information about the metadata includes its age, the provider, and the language(s) in which it is available.

Table 4 Metadata information

Parameter	Example of a	Definition, comments
	value	
Metadata	2023-10-	The time when the metadata was created.
date	23T09:00:00+01:0	Expected format DateTime;
	0	ref. CMC 2.2.1.1
		Could be part of the metadata or "last changed" information of the evaluated
		dataset URL (web page).



Table 4 Metadata information

Parameter	Example of a	Definition, comments
	value	
Metadata	cs; en	Language in which the metadata is described.
language		2 code of metadata language. , multiple choice
		ref. CMC 2.2.1.2
		Could be multiple languages, either part of the metadata content or implied
		by having a language switch present and working on the webpage). The
		actual language used vs metadata indication is not evaluated, only noted in
		comments. In the comment provide info about other translations (language
		code, existence of the translation).
Contact	Petr Bures,	The organization, or person, who is responsible for the creation and
point	petr.bures@tamt	maintenance of the metadata.
	amresearch.com,	vCard-Textfields with the expected level of details (name, email, telephone,
		company, position, address)
		ref. CMC 2.2.1.3
		Could be part of the organization data or directly in the dataset description,
		could be contact info not in vCard format.
Data set	x-source:en-	The identifier that different from the URL that could be used to refer to the
identifier	ndic_d2-common;	dataset.
	D834B1C7;	Ref. NONE
	249ddb42-3b9a-	
	44fc-b965-	Could be a URI or GUID, usually it is part of the URL specific to the data
	8e7dc8325fb2	source.

3.3 Content information

The dataset information includes its name, short description, type, category, detailed category, language(s), location referencing, documentation, and referenced datasets.

Table 5 Content information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
Name of the	DATEX II Situation	Very short dataset description. Free text. Mandatory.
dataset	Publication -	ref. CMC 2.2.2.1
	Common Traffic	
	Information;	Part of the metadata and heading on the dataset-related webpage. If in
	Rest areas static	more languages, give only English, but in the comment provide info
	information; etc	about other translations (language code, is the translation ok?).
description of	Common traffic	Gives the user more information about the content of the dataset or
dataset	information	service, a brief description. Free text. Mandatory
(perex)	(accidents etc.),	ref. CMC 2.2.2.2
	provided by NDIC for	
	the whole Czechia,	Part of the metadata and short text just below the name of the dataset.
	pushed on	If in more languages, give only English, but in the comment provide info
	occurrence, in a	about other translations (language code, is the translation ok?). Provide
	common traffic	in comment how extensive and descriptive the description is.
	information profile of	
	DATEX II format.	



Table 5 Content information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
Resource type	Data set	Classifies the resource of the publication, depending on if it is a "data
, , ,		set" or a "service" (referring to the ability of NAPs to allow discovery of
		services)
		enumeration (data set; service). Mandatory.
		ref. CMC 2.2.2.3
		Either present in the metadata or could be inferred from the download
		URL of other filled metadata items that are not relevant to the dataset
		or service.
Dataset type	Road work,	A description of a dataset type as a category is important for data
category	Unexpected road	seekers who are interested in a particular type of data.
	events and	As per CMC only one category per dataset shall be selected.
	conditions, Real-time	enumeration (Static road network data; Static traffic
	traffic data	signs and regulations; Toll information; Parking and
		rest area information; Filling and charging stations;
		Freight and logistics; Dynamic traffic signs and regulations; Road work; Unexpected road events and
		conditions; Real-time traffic data; General
		information for trip-planning; Public transport:
		location information; Public transport: operational
		information; Public transport: fare and purchase
		information; Cycle network data; Pedestrian network
		data; Demand-responsive modes). Mandatory.
		ref. CMC 2.2.2.4, defined in a separate list "dataset_type"
		If the resource type = "service" then this parameter is not relevant.
		Could be derived from name, description, and documentation if not
		present in metadata directly.
		For evaluation "tick" in the sheet "dataset_type" relevant categories.
Dataset	Long-term road	Describes the classification of the data set content on a detailed level. It
detailed type	works, Short-term	is used to concretize the element "Dataset type category"
	road works,	enumeration (82 enumerations sorted into categories above).
	Accidents and	Mandatory.
	incidents, Poor road	ref. CMC 2.2.2.5, defined in a separate list "dataset_type"
	conditions, Weather	
	conditions affecting	If the resource type = "service" then this parameter is not relevant.
	road surface and	Could be derived from name, description, and documentation if not
	visibility, Location	present in metadata directly. If present, it shall fit the category listed
	and length of queues	above.
		For evaluation "tick" in the list "dataset_type" relevant categories.
Service type	Location search,	If the resource type is "service". Describes the classification of a service,
category	Information service,	following possible services listed in EU Delegated Regulation 2017/1926
	Trip plans	enumeration (Location search; Information service;
		Trip plans; Trip plans, auxiliary information, availability check; Trip plan computation - scheduled
		modes transport; Dynamic Passing times, trip plans and
		auxiliary information; Dynamic Information service;
		Dynamic availability check). Mandatory.
		ref. CMC 2.2.2.6, defined in a separate list "dataset_type"



Table 5 Content information

_	Τ	
Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
		If the resource type = "data set" then this parameter is not relevant.
		Could be derived from name, description, and documentation if not
		present in metadata directly.
Dataset	cze	Describes the language of the dataset contents (free text fields,
language		enumerations, etc.).
ianguage		2 or 3-letter code of metadata language. (2-letter is preferred), multiple
		choice. Mandatory.
		ref. CMC 2.2.2.7
		Could be multiple languages, either stated in the metadata content or implied by having multiple languages present in a data sample (if provided). The actual language used vs metadata indication is not evaluated, only noted in comments. In the comment provide info about other translations (language code, is the translation ok?). Provide in comment how extensive and descriptive the description is.
Georeferencin	coordinates, mileage,	Describes what location referencing methods are used by the dataset.
g method	ALERT-C, OpenLR	The names could be derived from DATEX II.
		Enumeration (see DATEX II location referencing
		methods: AREA: AlertCArea; TpegGeometricArea;
		<pre>TpegNamedOnlyArea; NamedArea; GmlMultiPolygon;</pre>
		OpenlrCircleLocationReference;
		OpenlrRectangleLocationReference;
		OpenlrGridLocationReference;
		OpenlrPolygonLocationReference;
		OpenlrClosedLineLocationReference
		LINEAR: LinearWithinLinearElement; AlertCMethod2Linear; AlertCMethod4Linear;
		AlertCLinearByCode; TpegLinearLocation; OpenlrLinear;
		GmlLineString; SupplementaryPositionalDescription
		POINT: PointByCoordinates; PointAlongLinearElement;
		<pre>TpegSimplePoint; TpegFramedPoint; AlertCMethod2Point;</pre>
		AlertCMethod4Point; OpenlrGeoCoordinate;
		OpenlrPoiWithAccessPoint; OpenlrPointAlongLine).
		Recommended.
		Ref. NONE
		Could be present as a part of the metadata or it can be inferred from
		samples of documentation (if present).
	/cs/sources/en-	A separate file describing context, concepts, usage, guidelines, and
	ndic_d2-common/	examples, provides clarification of how the dataset is handled,
		information about architectural decisions, profiling, extensions, etc.
Dataset		Recommended.
documentatio		URL to a document
n		Ref. NONE
		Nel. NOINE
		Shall be present as a link to an external file.
	x-source:en-ndic_d2-	A dataset might for location referencing purposes refer to another
Related linked	predefined-location-	dataset using identifiers from that data set). Such dataset-containing
data sources	set	locations shall be accessible and shall be identified as a requirement for
data sources	set	
		the successful decoding of the primary dataset.



Table 5 Content information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
		It is either URL or URI of the location dataset. Recommended
		Ref. NONE
		Is the identification of these datasets present? Is it dereferenceable? It
		can be inferred from a sample if such datasets are used, if not then this
		parameter is not relevant. When present, it is in the expected form?

3.4 Temporal information

Information about the start and stop of the publication (when it becomes available to consumers and when it is removed).

Table 6 Temporal information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
	2023-10-	Describes from which date on, the data delivery is applicable. No entry
	23T09:00:00+01: 00	means that the publication gets valid immediately and the timestamp is
		the same as the metadata timestamp
Start date of		Format: DateTime. Mandatory
publication		ref. CMC 2.2.3.1
		Either in the metadata or in case of missing parameter, inferred from the
		metadata date.
		Describes the date when data delivery to this publication terminates.
		Format: DateTime; Optional
Ford data of		ref. CMC 2.2.3.2
End date of		
publication		Could not be provided If the date is not known; then it shall be set to not
		relevant. Should be known however for static data (the date of planned
		replacement).

3.5 Geographical coverage

Information about the area and network coverage of the data set.

Table 7 Geographical coverage

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
Area covered by publication	CZO	Describes the geographic area covered by a data set. Data sets can be valid for more than one region, for that reason a multiple-choice selection should be applied. NUTS identifiers are used; only the lowest possible levels are used, e.g. if one region is covered then the NUTS code of this region is provided, not also the NUTS code of the whole territory. Format: NUTS codes http://data.europa.eu/nuts/ (viewer); or GML. Mandatory ref. CMC 2.2.4.1 This is either in metadata directly or partially inferred from the name and description of the dataset or from documentation (if available). Some



Table 7 Geographical coverage

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
		datasets have coverage area expressed in GML (polygons, rectangles)
		using ETRS (GPS) coordinates. This is equivalate to the NUTS codes.
Network coverage	Motorways, Arterial road network, Regional roads, Urban and local roads	Describes the part of the transport network that is covered by data sets. enumeration: (Motorways; Arterial road network (in the meaning of state roads or federal roads); Regional roads; Urban and local roads; Rail (long-distance or heavy-rail); Metro or light-rail network; Other public transport network; Waterways; Air network; other). Mandatory ref. CMC 2.2.4.2
		This is either in metadata directly or partially inferred from the name and
		description of the dataset or from documentation (if available).
	the whole territory of	Describes details of the transport network in addition to the element
	the Czech Republic	"Network coverage".
		Free text; optional
Network		ref. CMC 2.2.4.3
coverage		
description		Could be in detail provided in documentation together with a map. If a
		textual description is given, in which languages? In the comment provide
		info about other translations (language code, is the translation ok?).
		Provide in comment how extensive and descriptive the description is.

3.6 Transportation system

Information about transport mode that is covered by the dataset/service.

Table 8 Transportation system

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
Transport	Personal / car, truck	Describes the transportation mode covered by a data set. Data sets can be
modes		valid for more than one transportation mode.
covered		Format: enumeration: (Air, rail (including high speed rail), conventional rail, light rail, long-distance coach, maritime (including ferry), metro, tram, bus, trolley-bus, shuttle bus, shuttle ferry, taxi, carsharing, car-pooling, car-hire, bike-sharing, bike-hire, car, truck, motorcycle, cycle, pedestrian); Multiple choice. Mandatory ref. CMC 2.2.5.1
		This is either in metadata directly or partially inferred from the name and description of the dataset or from documentation (if available).

3.7 Responsibilities

Information about data owner and publisher.



Table 9 Responsibilities

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
Publisher	John Doe,	The organization or person that publishes the data sets and is
	john.doe@data.eu,	responsible for the given information and concluding a contract if
	http://www.data.eu	applicable.
		vCard-Textfields with the expected level of details (name, email,
		telephone, company, position, address). Mandatory
		ref. CMC 2.2.6.1
		Could be part of the organization data or directly in the dataset
		description, could be contact info not in vCard format.
Data owner	(copy from "publisher")	Describes the company that owns the data set and is responsible for
		the content and quality of the data set. Could be the same as the
		publisher
		vCard-Textfields with the expected level of details (name, email,
		telephone, company, position, address). Mandatory
		ref. CMC 2.2.6.2
		Could be part of the organization data or directly in the dataset
		description, could be contact info not in vCard format.

3.8 Conditions for use

Information about contract or license and conditions for use.

Table 10 Conditions for use

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
Contract or	License and Free of	Describes the condition of use: whether an unrestricted use is possible, a
licence	charge	contract has to be concluded or a licence has to be agreed on to use a
		dataset.
		Enumeration: (No licence - No contract; Licence and Free
		of charge; Licence and Fee; Contract and Free of charge;
		Contract and Fee; Not relevant). Mandatory
		ref. CMC 2.2.7.1
		Shall be part of the metadata structure, but could be inferred from the
		dataset description of documentation.
Conditions	/cs/providers/en-	If the option "Licence" or "Contract" in element "Contract or licence" is
for use	ndic/#process-	selected, the condition of use has to be clarified. Here a sample contract
	ddrcontract	or the terms of use need shall be provided
		This field may contain an URL to a document, which contains all important
		information, or describe the conditions explicitly. Conditionally
		ref. CMC 2.2.7.2
		If the option "Licence" or "Contract" in NOT selected in the element
		"Contract or licence" then this parameter is not relevant. Should also refer
		to standardized licenses, e.g. CC-BY-4.0, or to custom-made documents, in
		this case, a link to the document is necessary.

3.9 Access information





Information about the format and encoding of the provided dataset, as well as about the sample and validation schema and protocol information

Table 11 Access information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
Data format - encoding		This describes the atomic element of the transfer syntax description. Systems that can go down to single bits are called "binary". Systems that are specified based on character standards where a single character has more than one bit are specified by the name of the character standard used. Enumeration: (ASCII; UTF-8; UTF-16; ISO-8859-1; ISO-8859-15; other). Optional ref. CMC 2.2.8.1
	UTF-8	If not specified in metadata it could be inferred from the provided sample encoding.
Data format - syntax		This describes the base standard that specifies syntactically correct documents. On this level, only base elements of building documents properly are specified and can be proved by syntax checks. Enumeration: (XML; JSON; CSV; ASN.1 encoding rules; Protocol buffers; Other). Mandatory ref. CMC 2.2.8.2
	XML	If not specified in metadata it could be inferred from the provided sample syntax.
Data format - grammar		This describes standards on top of the elementary syntax that describe data structures in the dataset used for validation purposes. Enumeration: (XSD; JSON Schema; ASN.1; Protocol buffers; other); Optional ref. CMC 2.2.8.3
	XSD	If not specified in metadata it could be inferred from the provided sample syntax.
Data format - Data Model	DATEX II profile	This describes concrete data models that use the specification elements so far to specify specific data models. The NAP should keep references to the concrete data model used for a dataset, e.g. including model versions. Enumeration (many possible values including DATEX, NETEX, OCIT, GTFS, KML, OpenAPI, and others). Mandatory ref. CMC 2.2.8.4
		If not specified in metadata it could be inferred from the provided sample grammar.
Data format description	DATEX II v2.3/SituationPublica tion Extends: networkLocation	Used to provide additional information on the data format, e.g. are extensions used? On which class is the profile based, additional version information. Free text, but in a short and structured way; Conditionally ref. CMC 2.2.8.5 If not specified in metadata it could be inferred from the provided
		documentation and partially from the provided sample content.



Table 11 Access information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
format documentati on		TODO, link, description especially useful for API? Or is it protocol?
Data sample	/cs/formats/en- ndic_d2-common- v1.1/samples/xxx	A link to a file with a sample content of the data set, that allows consumers to evaluate how the real data would look like. The format is URL to an existing file; Recommended ref. NONE
		Could be replaced by real data if freely available (the parameter is then inferred). A sample is preferred because it clarifies the intention of the data owner and tries to provide a complete set of expected information.
Data schema	/cs/formats/en- ndic_d2-common- v1.1/schemas/xxx	A link to a file with a validation schema that is used to validate the structure of the data set (and the sample). This is very important since the schema provides information about all potential values of the data elements and informs the consumer about pruning the model has undergone. The format is URL to an existing file. Mandatory ref. NONE
/ validation		Could be replaced by a validation schema of the whole model, BUT a real specific schema is much better because it provides the intention of the data owner. If the schema has to be inferred by the tools from the sample, then it is the same as if it is missing (grade F), such inferred schema is only a guess that real data will be the same and it is by no means a commitment by the data holder/owner.
Access interface – application layer protocol	HTTP/HTTPS	Describes the IT protocol of the data interface that will be used to transfer data. Enumeration: (SOAP; OTS2; HTTP/HTTPS; FTP; RSS; AMQP; MQTT; gRPC; other). Mandatory ref. CMC 2.2.8.6
		If not specified in metadata it could be inferred from the provided documentation.
Security mechanisms	IP filter	Describes security mechanisms in place to protect the integrity and access to the data set. Could be a multiple choice Enumeration: (none; IP filter; basic; digest; certificate; url parameters; other); recommended Ref. NONE Could be present as a part of the metadata or it be inferred from
		documentation.
Communicat ion method	Push on occurrence	Describes the transmitting procedure from data provider to data receiver. It differs between push and pull. Multiple choice, if it is provided by more methods! Enumeration: (Push; Push on occurrence; Pull); conditionally ref. CMC 2.2.8.7



Table 11 Access information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
		If not specified in metadata it could be inferred from the provided documentation. If the resource type is set to "service then this parameter is not relevant.
Protocol documentati on	/cs/protocols/en- ndic_push-v1.0/xxx	Describes the protocol implementation and complements and extends information about application layer protocol, security mechanism, communication method, and others. Allows data users to program interface for data retrieval, which could be an example code. Format: link to the document (or a web page) with detailed description and potential attachments (code); recommended Ref. NONE Could be present as a part of the metadata or it be inferred from documentation.
Access URL	https://datex.rsd.cz	Provides a general link for access to the current data set or a connection link to a service. If the access URL is unique for every single relation between the data owner and the data receiver, the access URL is linked to a subscription that enables access to the publication Format: url; conditional ref. CMC 2.2.8.8 If not specified in the metadata of the data set it could be inferred from the generic metadata of the publisher (e.g., linking to the distribution interface of the provider)

3.10 Quality information

Information about update frequency, data availability, collection method, verification method, reaction time, quality, national body assessment, and delegated regulations that this dataset partially satisfies.

Table 12 Quality information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
Update	On occurrence	Describes the update rate of the data set. If there is a specific time
frequency		interval or data only provided on occurrence precise information should
		be given.
		Enumeration: (On occurrence; Up to 1min; Up to 5min; Up to 10 min; Up to 15 min; Up to 30 min; Up to 1h; Up to 2h; Up to 3h; Up to 12h; Up to 24h; Up to Weekly; Up to Monthly; Up to every 3month; Up to every 6month; Up to yearly; Less frequent than yearly). Mandatory
		ref. CMC 2.2.9.1 If not specified in the metadata of the data set it could be inferred from documentation or description.
Availability	24/7	Describes expected time period availability of the data set / service as expected by the publisher in terms of hours/week. It is not actual



Table 12 Quality information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments
		availability expressed in % (of the time when was service available / time
		when the service was expected to be available).
		Free text (24/7; other;). Recommended
		ref. NONE (part of the availability quality parameter)
		If not specified in the metadata of the data set it could be inferred from
		documentation or description.
	Sensor input, police,	Indication and description of potential data sources from which this data
		set was created.
Data		Free text describing data sources.; recommended
collection		ref. NONE
method		
		If not specified in the metadata of the data set it could be inferred from
		documentation or description
	Cross verified	Indicates whether data has been cross-verified with one or more
		additional sources.
		Enumeration: (Cross verified, not cross-verified;
Cross		other); recommended
verification		ref. NONE (part of the veracity quality parameter)
		If not specified in the metadata of the data set it could be inferred from
		documentation or description.
	/cs/providers/en-	Description of how the problem reporting is handled, individual steps,
	ndic/xxx	contact.
		Free text describing the process or link to a description; recommended
Problem		ref. NONE
reporting		
process		If not specified in the metadata of the data set it could be inferred from
		documentation. Is a textual description in multiple languages? Describe in
		a comment.
	3 working days	If a Problem reporting process is provided, it must not be empty. Describe
		when, on average, the reporter shall expect the first reaction.
Desetion		Free text; recommended
Reaction		ref. NONE
time to		
respond		If not specified in the metadata of the data set it could be inferred from
		documentation. Is a textual description in multiple languages? Describe in
		a comment.
	quality information is	Describes the methods and results of a quality assessment. Within such an
	unknown	assessment, individual quality criteria of a data set are checked and
Quality		compared with pre-defined quality requirements.
assessment		Format: free text, containing a general description and possibly a link
assessinent		(URL) of the document with more information. mandatory
		ref. CMC 2.2.9.2



Table 12 Quality information

Parameter	Example of a value	Definition, comments		
		If not specified in the metadata of the data set it could be inferred from		
		documentation or description. In the comment field, the evaluator shall		
		comment on the languages of the quality information and its details		
	-	Used to indicate the history and status of such an assessment. It may		
		include the date and the result of the recent assessment procedure.		
National		Format: free text (date or a link (URL) of the document with more		
body		information); optional.		
assessment		ref. CMC 2.2.9.3		
status				
		Could not be provided If the assessment was not performed; then it shall		
		be set to not relevant. (i.e. it is either present or not relevant).		
	SRTI, RTTI	Describe which delegated regulations (DR) are being fulfilled by the		
		dataset, it might be just partial fulfilment and the dataset could, partially,		
		fulfil more than one DR.		
Applicable		<pre>enumeration: (SSTP; SRTI; RTTI; MMTIS; AFIR); recommended</pre>		
DRs		ref. NONE		
		If not specified in the metadata of the data set it could be inferred from		
		documentation.		



4 Overall evaluation

The overall evaluation is provided as

- overall evaluation grade (A, B, C, F, or -) and
- overall comments that summarize the main findings of the evaluator about the service.

See the figure below.

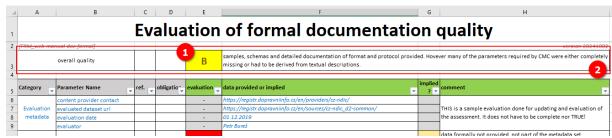


Figure 4 Final overall grade and commentary.

4.1 Overall commentary

The evaluator, in few sentences describes the background for the overall grade. This commentary highlights strongest and weakest point of the evaluated metadata.

Example:

Samples, schemas and detailed documentation of format and protocol provided. However, many of the parameters required by CMC were either completely missing or had to be derived from textual descriptions.

4.2 Overall grade computation

The overall grade (1) in the figure above is computed automatically from grades of individual parameters. The computation is performed in the Evaluation form on the sheet "support". The mechanics of the computation is described in subchapters below.

4.2.1 Individual grades and their part in overall grade computation

Evaluation grades of each parameter, expressed as grades **A**, **B**, **C**, and **F**, by the evaluator, are converted into numeric values.

Table 13 Mapping from the mark A-F to a numeric value

classification	Α	В	С	F	-
value	1	2	3	4	0

Each parameter contributes to the overall score differently based on its placement type ("obligation") and importance, by weighing the parameter and masking the parameter for nonrelevant values, see next tables.

Table 14 Mapping of mandatory appearance to a value

"Obligation"	optional	recommended*	partial**	conditional	mandatory
value	1/4	1/2	3/4	1	1





^{*} Recommended is for parameters that are not originally from CMC, except schema which is set as mandatory

Table 15 Mapping of a weight (importance) to a value

Importance (weight)	Normal	Important	Very important
Value	1	2	3

Most of the parameters are of normal importance and only a few are tagged "important".

Computation of the individual **score = classification*obligation*weight**; meaning that nonrelevant parameters (with classification = 0) are not counted, their value is 0.

Table 16 of parameters

Category	Element Name	Classification ²	"obligation"	weight	Score
	Metadata date	4	1	1	4
Metadata	Metadata language	2	1	1	2
information	Contact point	2	0,75	1	1,5
	Dataset identifier	1	0,5	1	0,5
	Name of the dataset	1	1	1	1
	Description of dataset	1	1	1	1
	Resource type	2	1	1	2
	Dataset type category	3	1	1	3
Content	Dataset detailed type	3	0,25	1	0,75
information	Service type category	0	1	1	0
	Dataset language	3	1	1	3
	Georeferencing method	2	0,5	1	1
	Dataset documentation	1	0,5	1	0,5
	Related linked data sources	1	0,5	2	1
Temporal	Start date of publication	2	1	1	2
information	End date of publication	0	0,25	1	0
Geographical	Area covered by publication	2	1	1	2
coverage	Network coverage	4	1	1	4
coverage	Network coverage description	4	0,25	1	1
Transportation system	Transportation modes covered	4	1	1	4
Dosnonsihilitios	Publisher	1	0,75	1	0,75
Responsibilities	Data owner	2	0,75	1	1,5
Conditions for	Contract or license	2	1	1	2
use	Conditions for use	1	1	1	1
	Data format - Encoding	3	0,25	1	0,75
Access	Data format - Syntax	3	1	1	3
information	Data format - Grammar	3	0,25	1	0,75
	Data format - Data Model	3	1	1	3

² These values are assigned by the evaluation during the evaluation



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^{**} Partial is for contact fields of a vCard type



Table 16 of parameters

Category	Element Name	Classification ²	"obligation"	weight	Score
	Data sample	1	0,5	1	0,5
	Data schema / validation	1	1	2	2
	Data format description	2	1	1	2
	Access interface	2	1	1	2
	Security mechanisms	3	0,5	1	1,5
	Communication method	1	1	1	1
	Protocol documentation	1	0,5	1	0,5
	Access URL	2	1	2	4
	Update frequency	3	1	1	3
	Availability	4	0,5	1	2
	Data collection method	3	0,5	1	1,5
0	Cross verification	3	0,5	1	1,5
Quality information	Problem reporting process	4	0,5	1	2
mjormation	Reaction time to respond	4	0,5	1	2
	Quality assessment	4	1	1	4
	National body assessment status	4	0,25	1	1
	Applicable DRs	1	0,5	1	0,5

4.2.2 Overall grade computation

The numerical overall evaluation is computed as the arithmetic average of all the grades awarded, with the possibility of assigning a weight to each grade:

Numerical value = (sum of scores) / (sum of placement * weight, where classification > 0)

The final evaluation grade, expressed as **A**, **B**, **C**, and **F**, is converted from the numerical value according to the formula in next table.

Table 17 Mapping scoring 1-4 to the grade A-F

type/mark	А	В	С	F
mark	<1,1.5>	(1.5,2.5>	(2.5,3.5>	(3.5,4)

4.3 Method of presentation

The outputs are presented in Report (MS Excel format)



IFRM web-m	anual-doc-formall		valuation of formal docum		v202406
[THIN_WED III	overall quality	В	samples, schemas and detailed documentation of format and protocol provided. H textual descriptions.	ovever many	y of the parameters required by CMC were either completely missing or had to be derived from
Category -	Parameter Name	▼ evaluation ▼	data provided or implied	implied ~	comment
Evaluation	content provider contact	-	https://registr.dopravniinfo.cz/en/providers/cz-ndic/		evaluation done for research ourposes not provided. downloaded from
metadata	evaluated dataset url	-	https://registr.dopravniinfo.cz/en/sources/cz-ndic_d2-common/		www.registr.dopravniinfo.cz
metadata	evaluation date	-	01.12.2019		www.iegisti.dopiaviiiiiio.cz
	evaluator	-	Petr Bureš		
	Metadata date	F	01.12.2019	yes	data formally not provided, not part of the metadata set. Date was derived from date accessed (web page)
	Metadata language	В	cze;eng	yes	not part of the metadata set. Date was derived from context (web page)
Metadata information	Contact point	В	name: Ctirad Weissmann title: Manager of traffic information distribution department phone: +420-59668378 email: ctirad.weissmann@rsd.cz		data derived from the web, provider information section, it is however unclear if this contact is also metadata provider (the person who put metadata together).
	Dataset identifier	Α	x-source:cz-ndic d2-common		dataset uri
	Name of the dataset	Α	DATEX II Situation Publication - Common		within a dataset specification [cze;eng]
	Description of dataset	А	Common traffic information (accidents etc.), provided by NDIC for the whole Czechia, pushed on occurence, in a common traffic information profile of DATEX II format.		within a dataset specification [cze;eng]
	Resource type	Α	Data set	yes	Directly in metadata as literals (listed in a table)
	Dataset type category	А	Road work, Unexpected road events and conditions, Real-time traffic data	yes	Directly in metadata as literals (listed in a table)
Content	Dataset detailed type	А	Long-term road works, Short-term road works, Accidents and incidents, Poor road conditions, Weather conditions affecting road surface and visibility, Location and length of queues	yes	Directly in metadata as literals (listed in a table)
information					not aplicable for dataset only services. The value is however not part of the metadata since

Figure 5 Presentation of the resulting evaluation in a FORM, (clipping)

The report serves as a record of the quality of the dataset information provided and is used for:

- internal checking of the correctness and integrity of the provided metadata,
- Feedback to the data owner/provider (here the ideal form is a table or text file).



5 Conclusion

This evaluation is meant to be used as feedback to the data holder, the entity responsible for filling in metadata for the dataset / service for improvement. The main users of the methodology are:

- Data Holders = to do the in-house check
- National Bodies = when performing the compliance assessment of the data holder's dataset.

After, or in parallel with, the completion of this evaluation, it is possible to proceed to the assessment of the objective quality of the metadata and the respect of good practice examples [web/manual/doc/objective].



6 References

The evaluation criteria are based on the following project results:

- [1] CMC Coordinated Metadata Catalogue, describing agreed metadata developed by EU-EIP (https://gitlab.com/tamtamresearch/inqms/evaluation-procedures/-/tree/master/doc)
- [2] Project InQMS evaluations and methodology (https://inqms.tamtamresearch.com/)
- [3] NAPCORE project (https://napcore.eu)
- [4] mobilityDCAT-AP, extended and consolidated metadata catalogue developed by NAPCORE (https://mobilitydcat-ap.github.io/mobilityDCAT-AP/releases/index.html)
- [5] MQA, methodology for DCAT-AP metadata catalogue assessment, developed by SEMIC (https://data.europa.eu/mqa/methodology?locale=en)
- [6] Quality recommendation by W3C and by open data portals (data.gov.cz and others) (https://opendata.gov.cz/%C5%A1patn%C3%A1-praxe:start)